



4th EAFES International Congress
Sangju Campus, KNU, Korea, 13-17 September, 2010

N₂O emission and consumption in three different forest sites in the Haean Basin (South Korea)

preliminary data, 2010

Sina Berger₁, Hojeong Kang₂ & Gerhard Gebauer₁

- 1) University of Bayreuth, Laboratory of Isotope Biogeochemistry, Germany
- 2) Yonsei University, School of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Korea

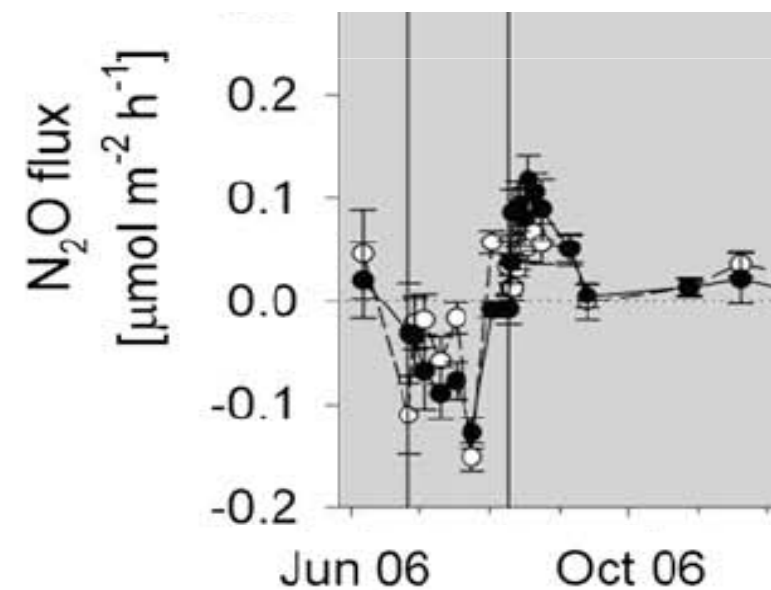




“Drought turns a Central European Norway spruce forest soil from an N₂O source to a transient N₂O sink”

Stefanie Daniela Goldberg, Gerhard Gebauer,
Global Change Biology, April 2009

Throughfall exclusion



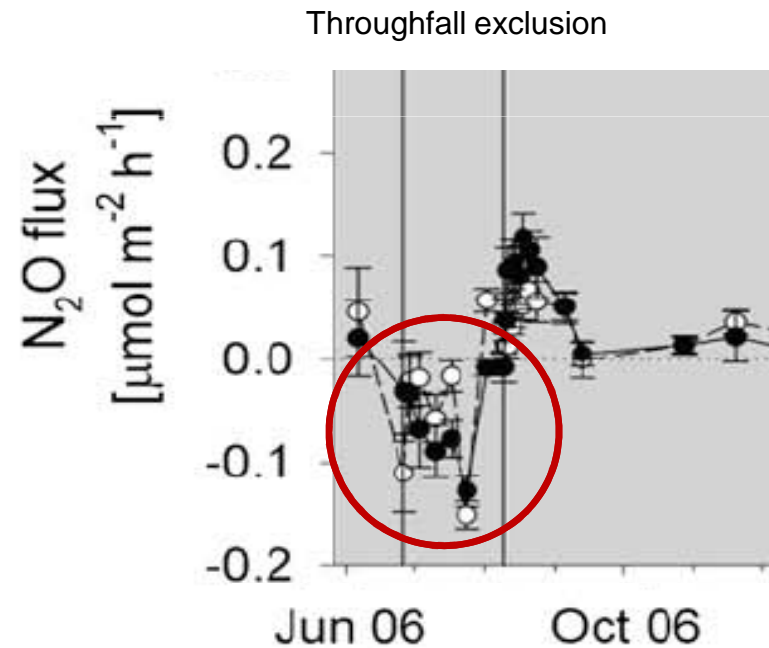
Stefanie Daniela Goldberg, Gerhard Gebauer,
Soil & Biogeochemistry, 15th of July 2009





“Drought turns a Central European Norway spruce forest soil from an N₂O source to a transient N₂O sink”

Stefanie Daniela Goldberg, Gerhard Gebauer,
Global Change Biology, April 2009



Stefanie Daniela Goldberg, Gerhard Gebauer,
Soil & Biogeochemistry, 15th of July 2009





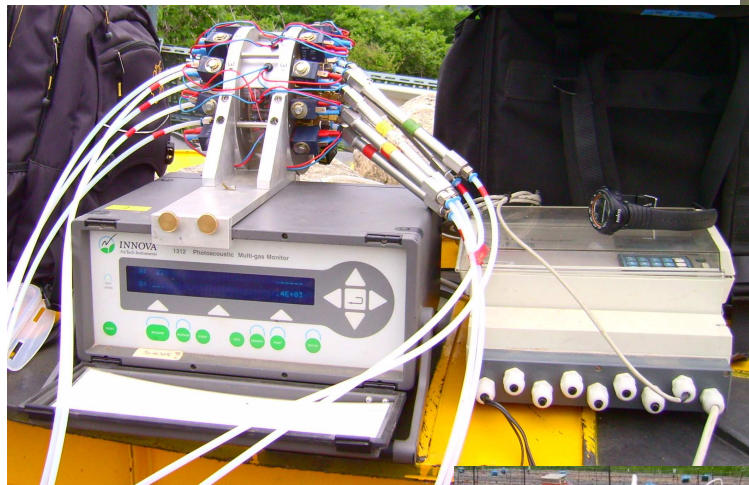
Methods and Materials

- Closed chambers in conjunction with a photoacoustic trace gas analyzer
- N₂O concentration and N- and O isotope signature along soil profiles



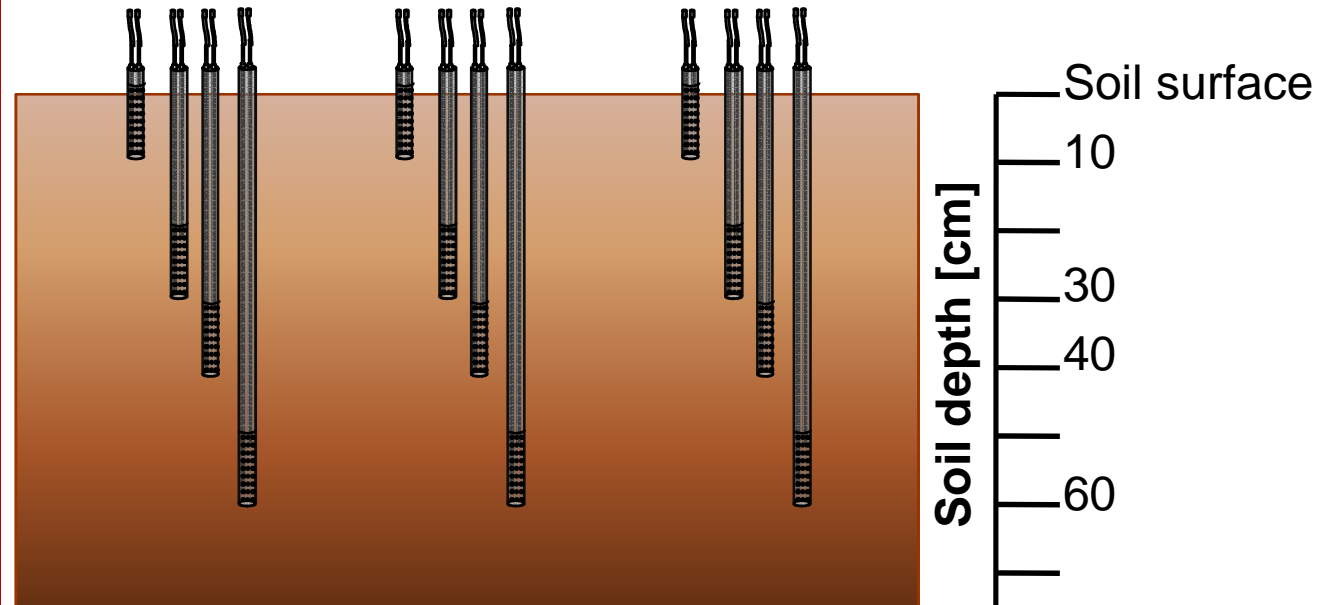
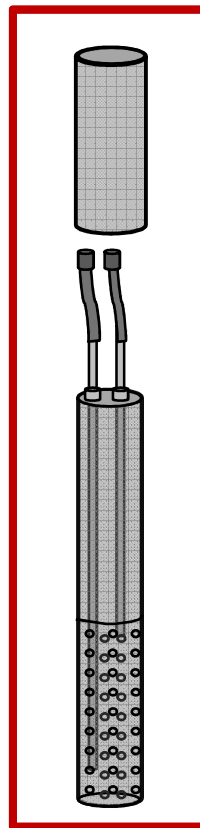
Methods and Materials

- Closed chambers in conjunction with a photoacoustic trace gas analyzer
- N₂O concentration and N- and O isotope signature along soil profiles



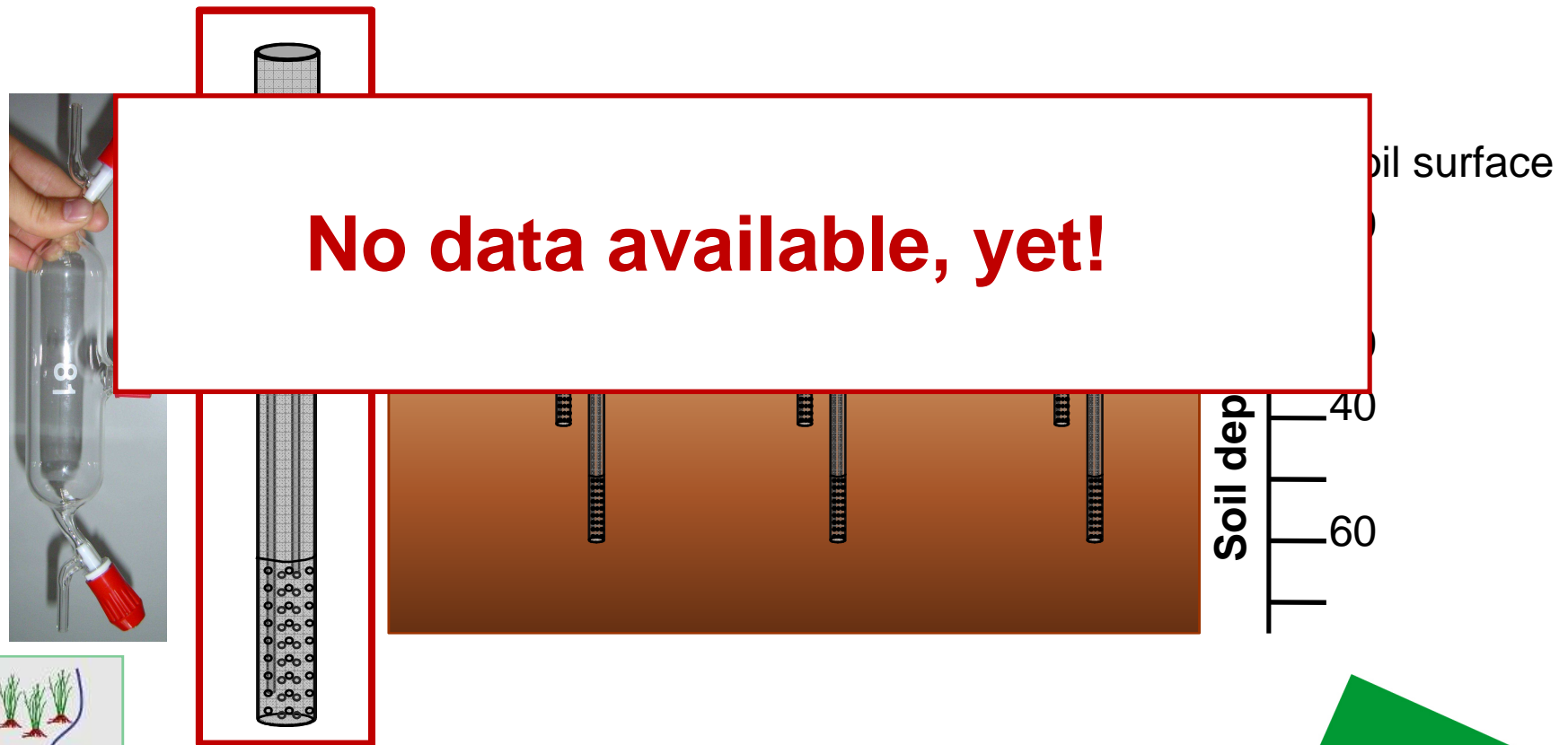
Methods and Materials

- Closed chambers in conjunction with a photoacoustic trace gas analyzer
- N₂O concentration and N- and O isotope signature along soil profiles



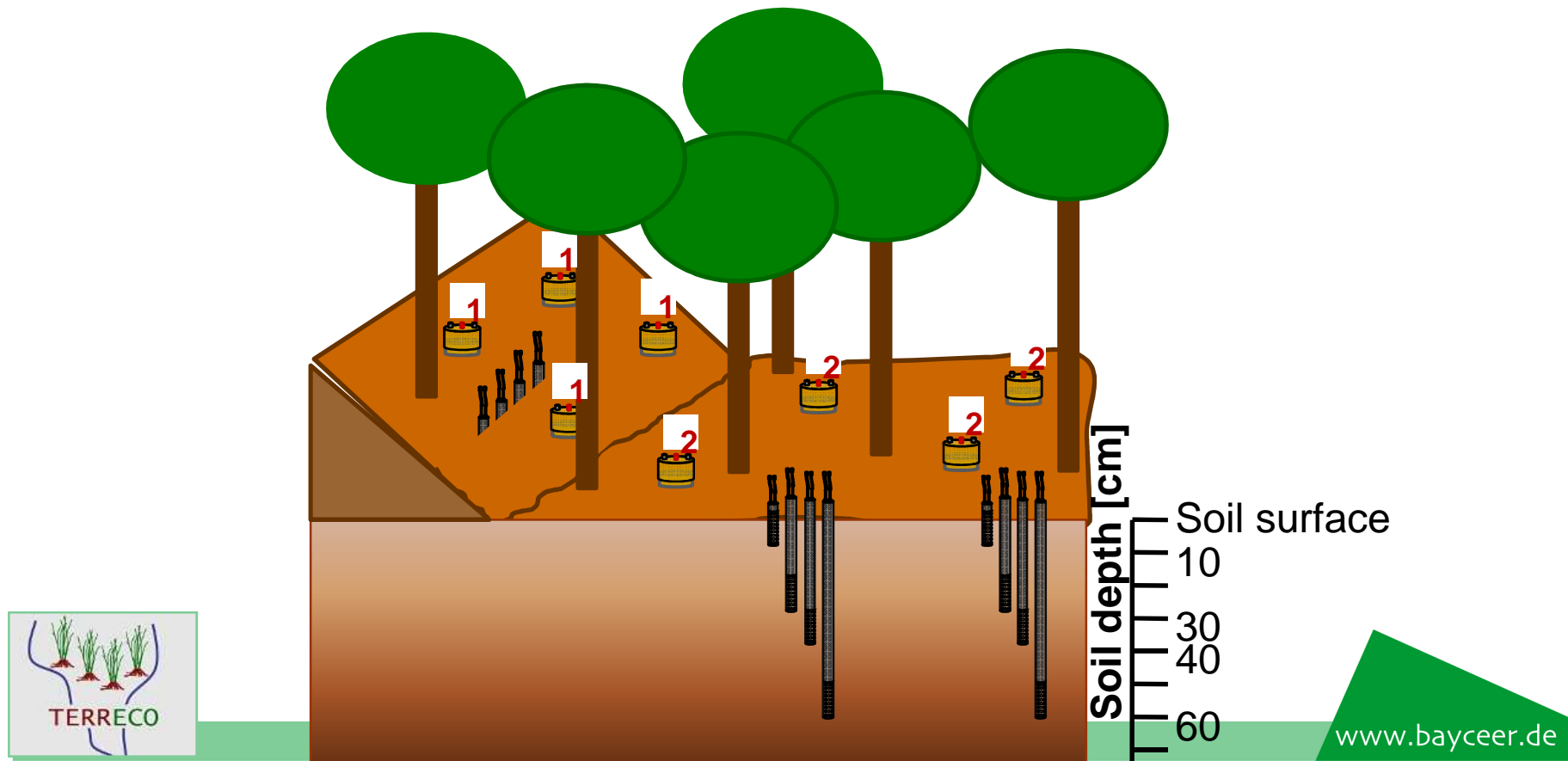
Methods and Materials

- Closed chambers in conjunction with a photoacoustic trace gas analyzer
- N₂O concentration and N- and O isotope signature along soil profiles



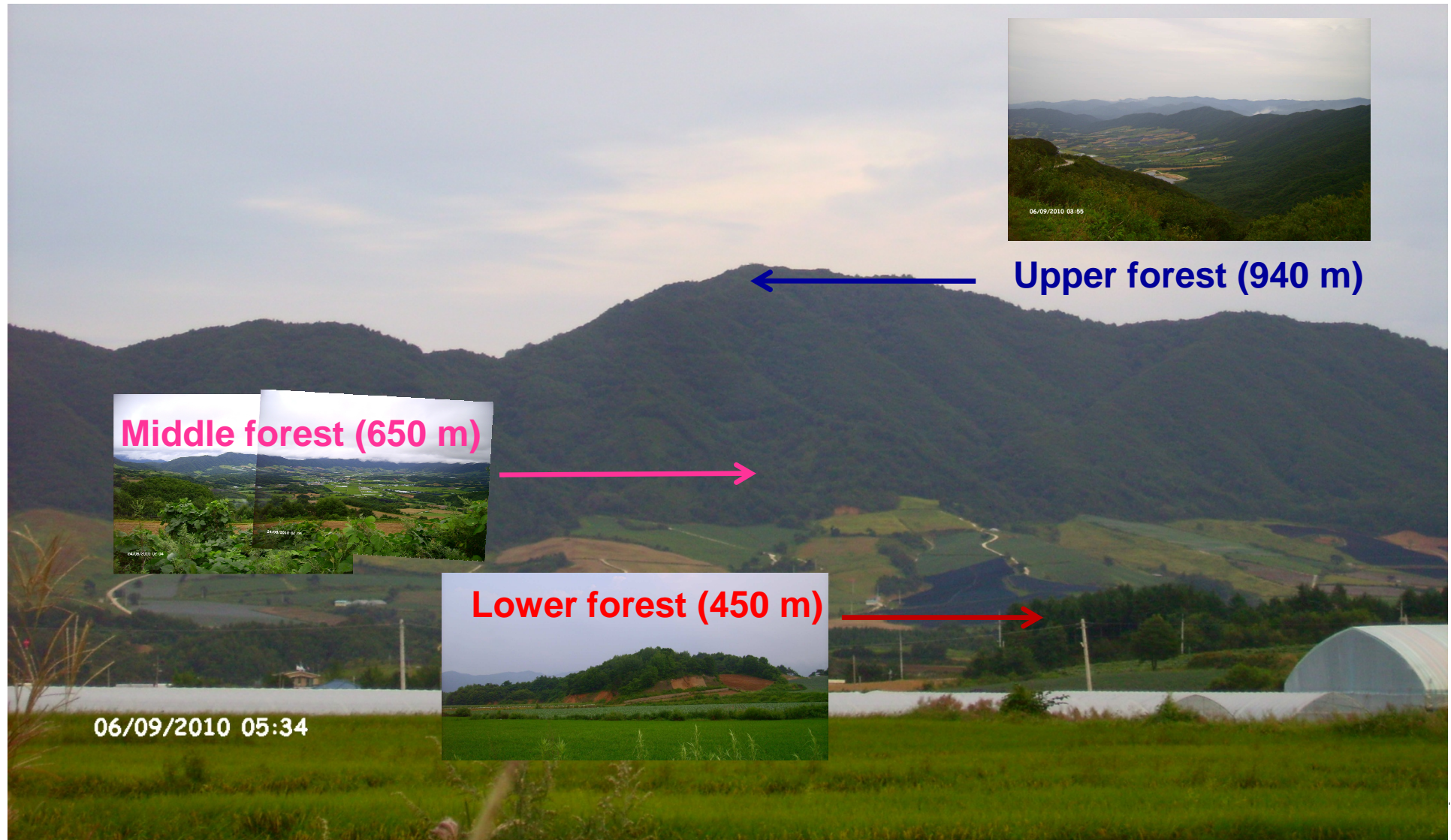
Methods and Materials - summary

- Closed chambers in conjunction with a photoacoustic trace gas analyzer
- N₂O concentration and N- and O isotope signature along soil profiles





Three Study Sites





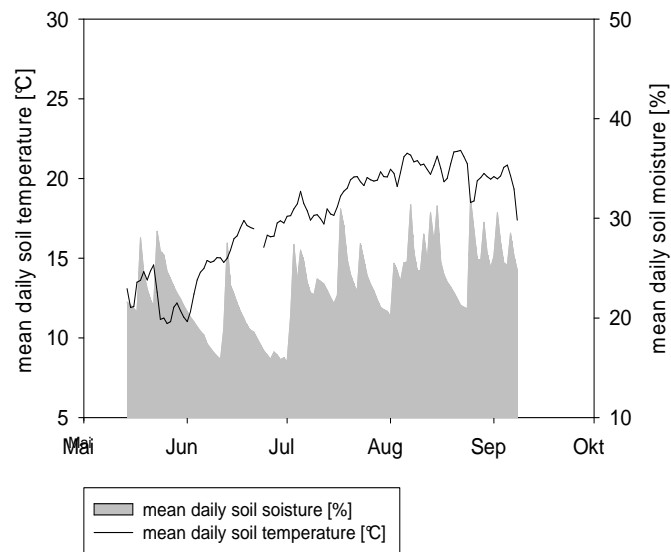
Results

Middle Forest (650 m)

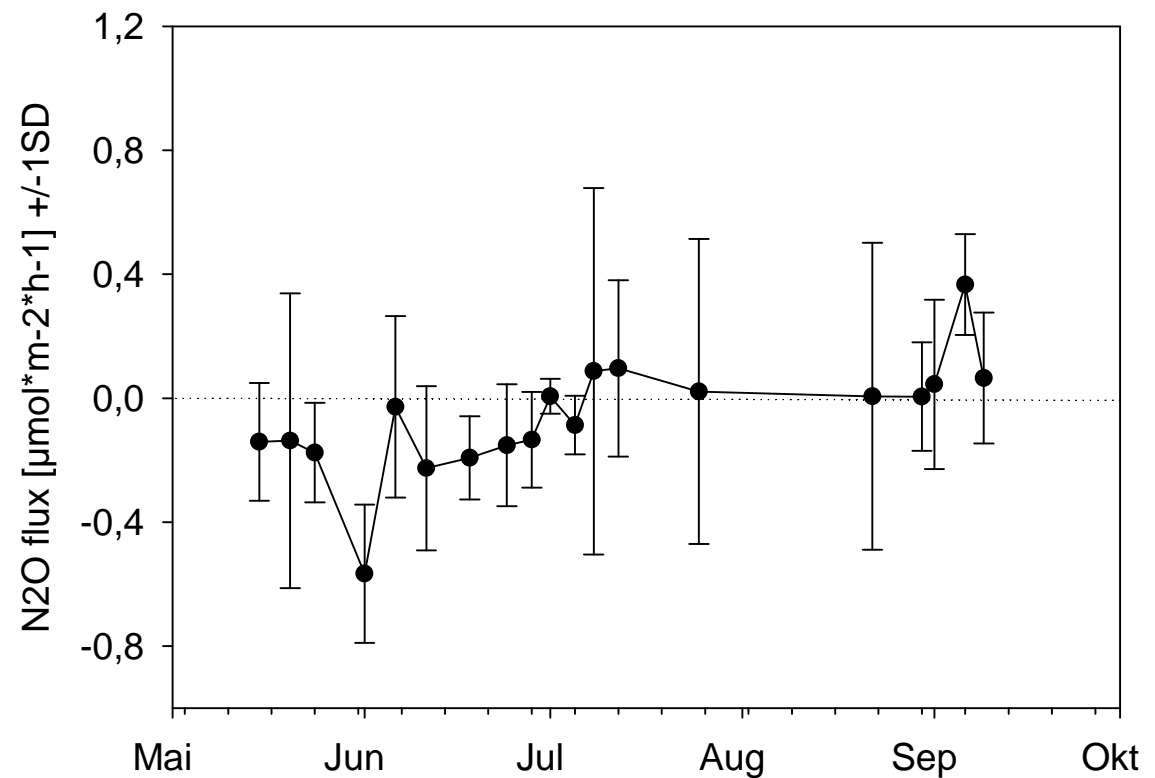


Results

Middle Forest (650 m)



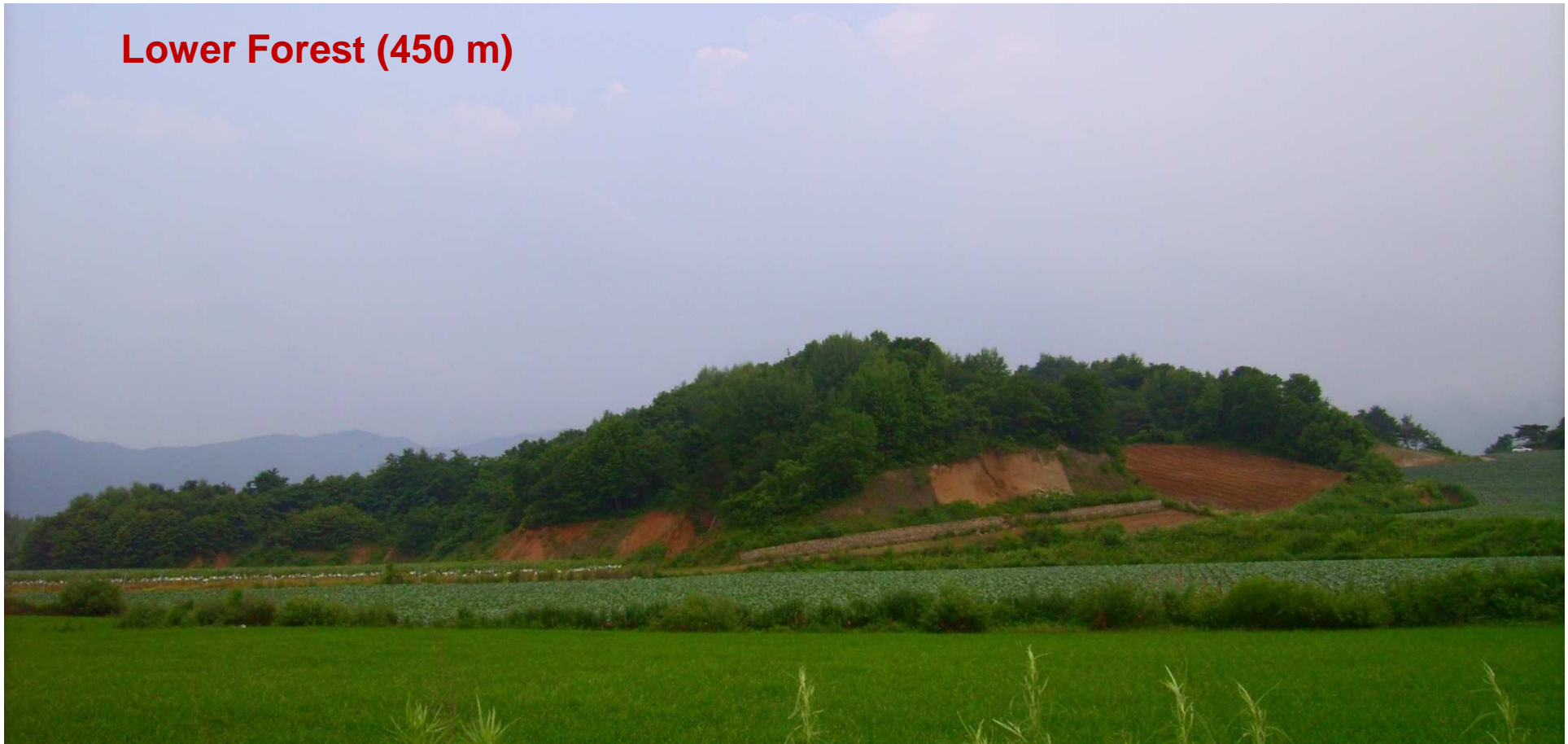
N₂O fluxes





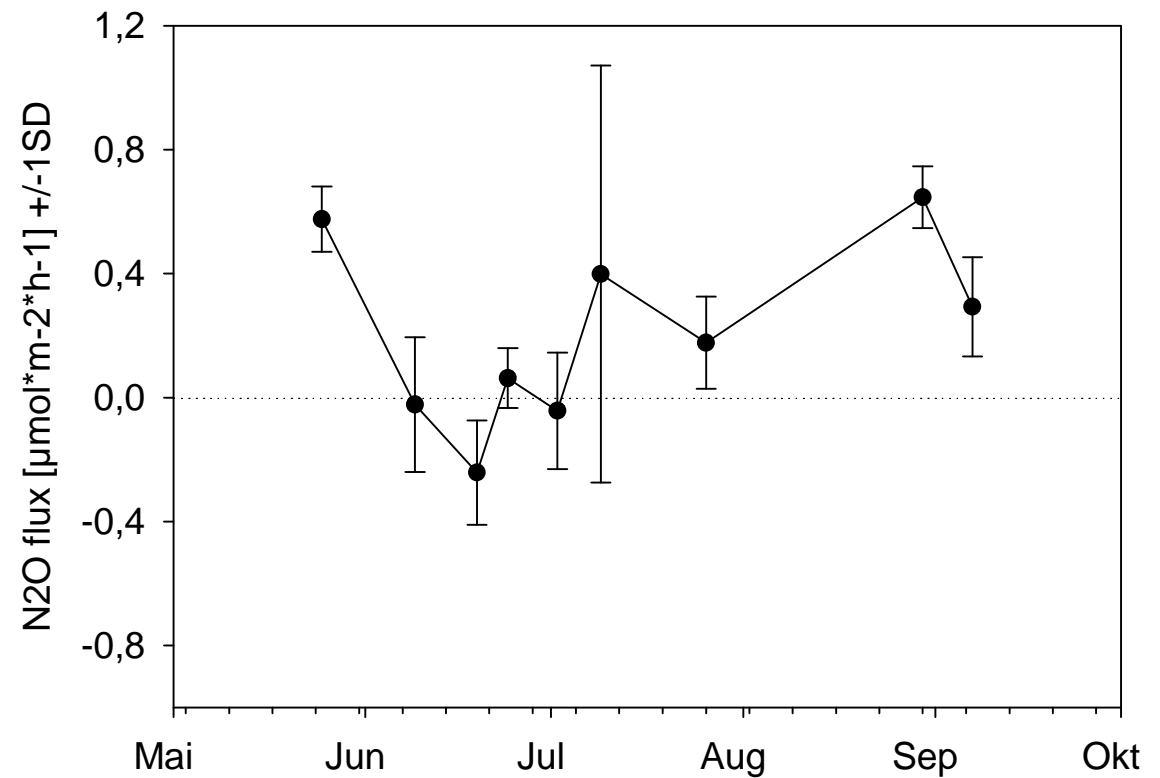
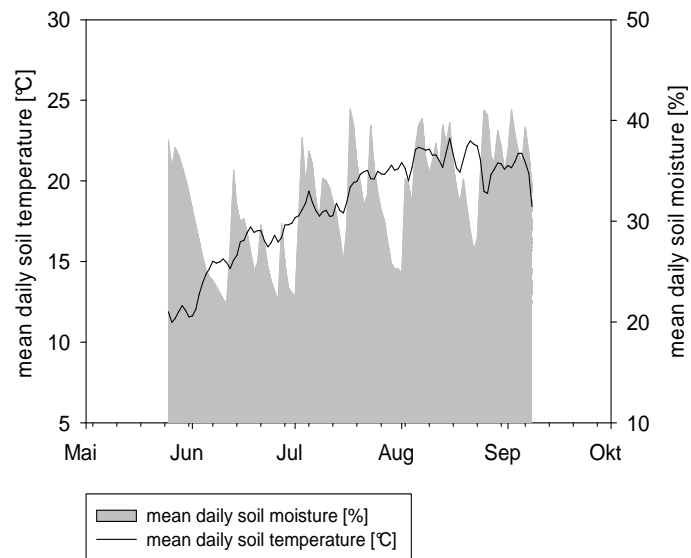
Results

Lower Forest (450 m)



Results

Lower Forest (450 m)





Results

Upper Forest (940 m)

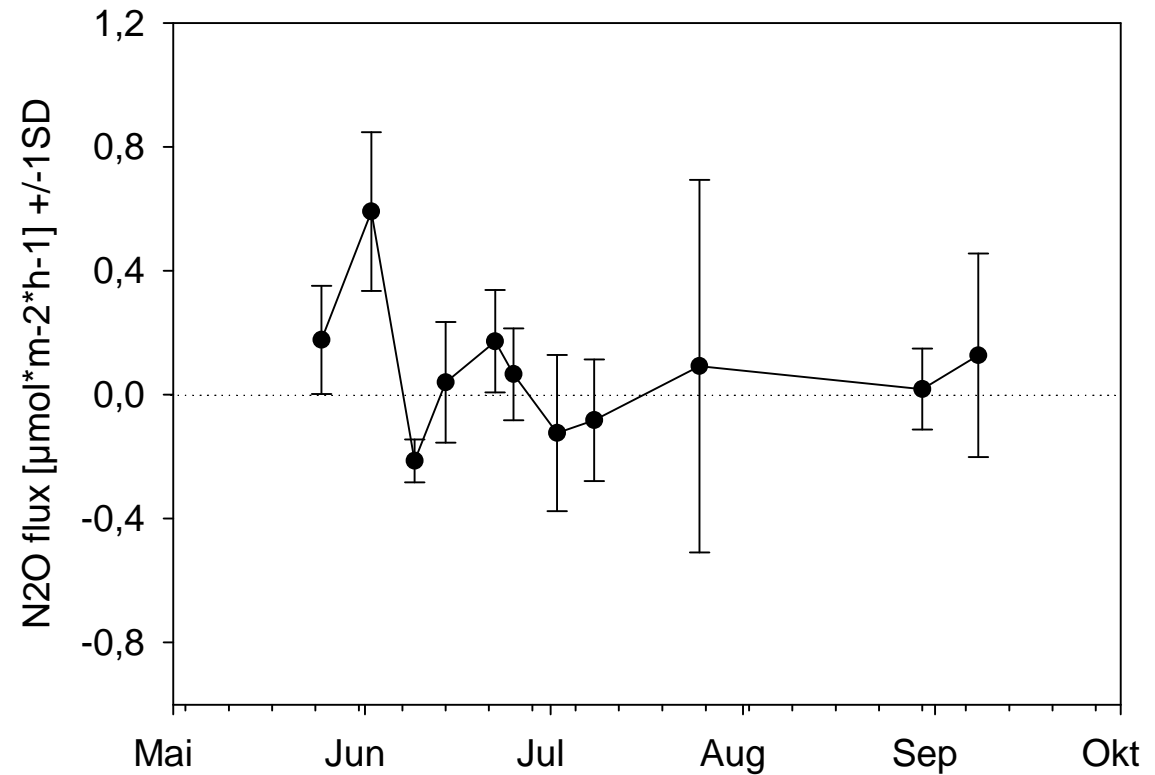
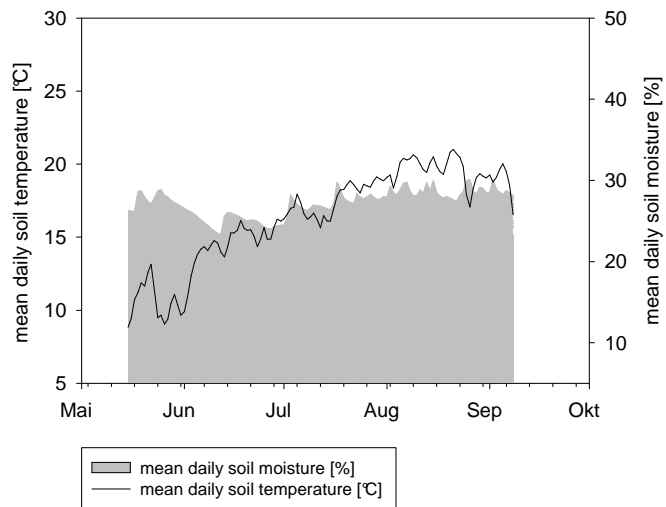


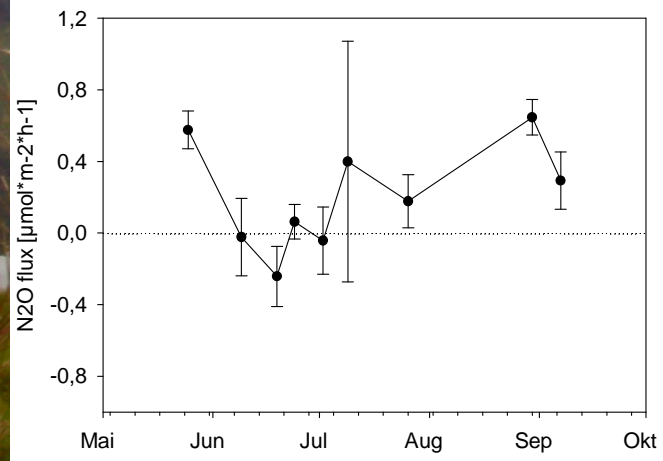
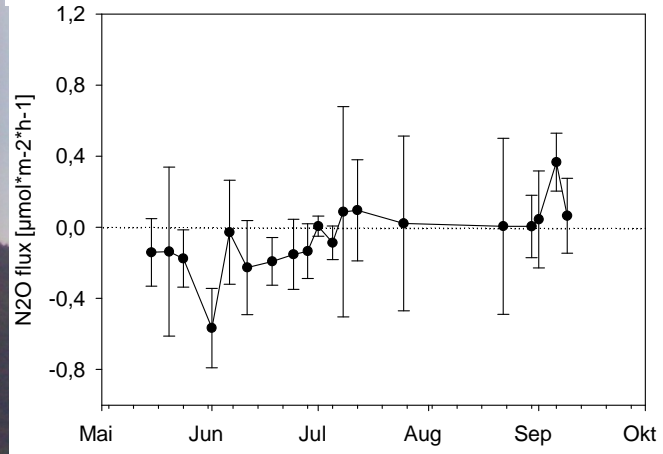
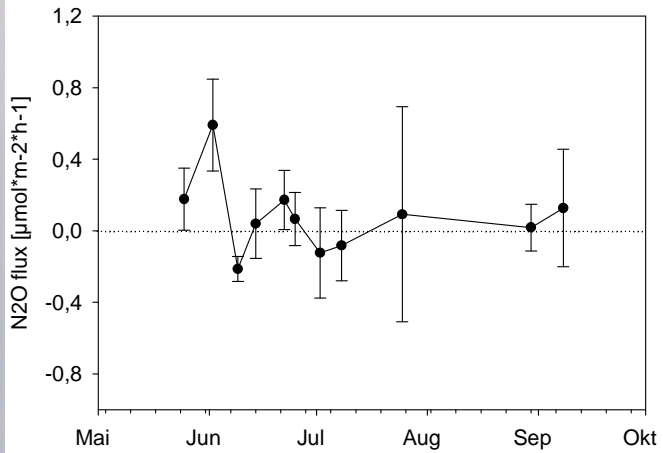
06/09/2010 03:55



Results

Upper Forest (940 m)





Summary

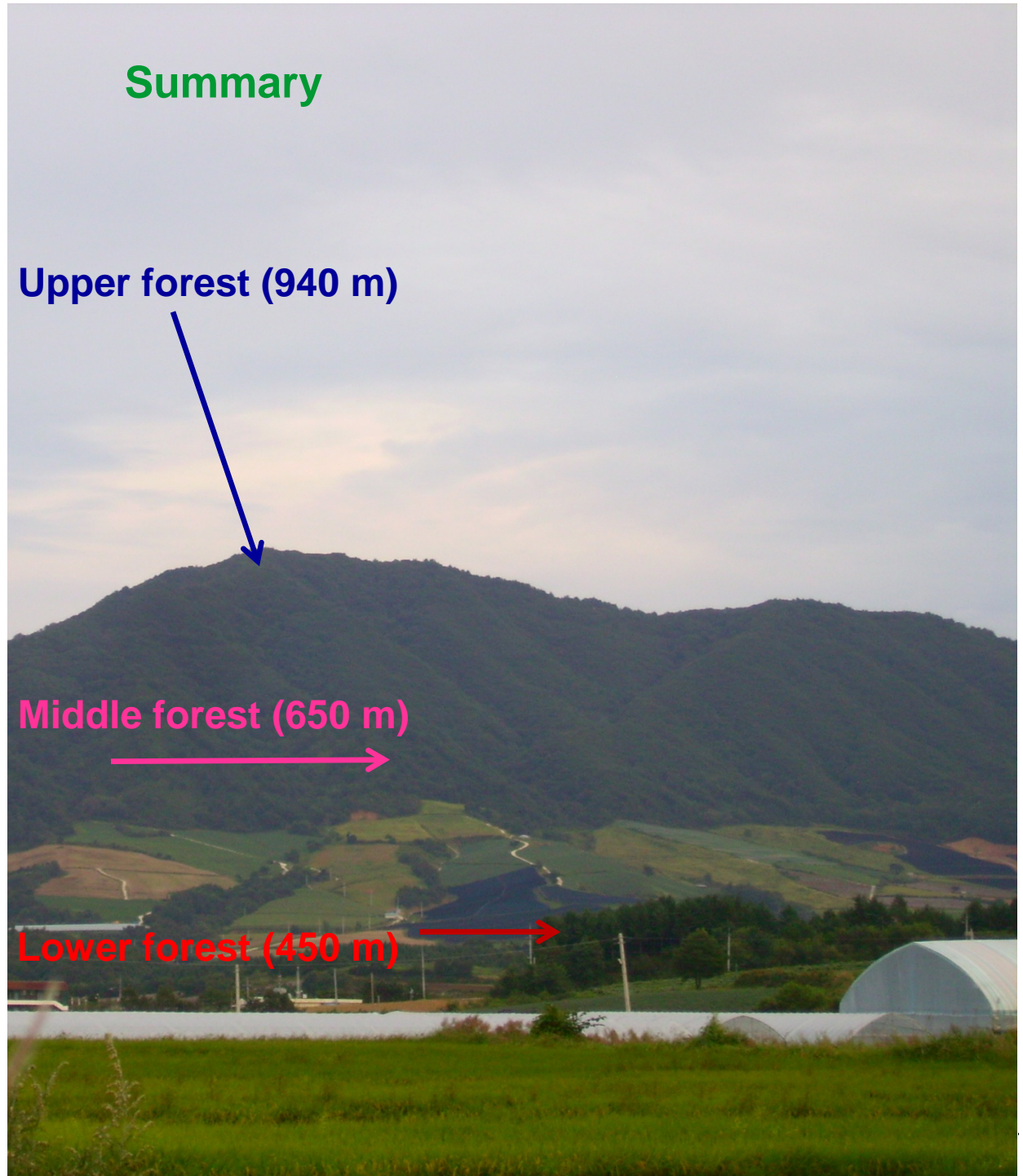
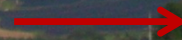
Upper forest (940 m)



Middle forest (650 m)



Lower forest (450 m)





Thanks a lot to:

- Eunyoung Jung!!





Thank you for your attention!!

06/09/2010 03:55





UNIVERSITÄT
BAYREUTH

Dept. of Plant Ecology

Dept. of Micrometeorology



Bayceer

Bayreuth Center of Ecology
and Environmental Research



www.bayceer.de